

**CBRC ANALYTICAL FINAL COACHING
PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION**

1. The whole child concept of education is contrary to the:
A. Academic essentials approach to education
B. Progressivist approach to education
C. Focus on the disadvantaged approach to education
D. The mental discipline approach to education

2. The current emphasis on the development of critical thinking by the use of philosophic methods that emphasize debate and discussion began with:
A. Aristotle
B. Socrates
C. Confucius
D. Plato

3. What is a simple frequency distribution? A graphic representation of:
A. Raw scores
B. Means
C. Lowest and highest scores
D. Standard deviations

4. Which refer to a single word or phrase that tells the computer to do something with a program or file?
A. Computer program
B. Computer language
C. Password
D. Command

5. What is the mean of this score distribution: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10?
A. 7.5
B. 8.5
C. 6
D. 7

6. Which is a teaching approach for kindergartens that makes real world experiences of the child the focal point of educational stimulation?
A. Situational approach
B. Traditional approach
C. Eclectic approach
D. Montessori approach

7. Which graphic organizers are used to show even in chronological order?
A. Timeline and story map
B. Timeline and series of events chart
C. Series of events chart and story map
D. Timeline and cycle

8. Which schools are subject to supervision, regulation and control by the state?
A. Public schools
B. Secretarian and non-secretarian schools
C. Private schools
D. Public, private secretarian and non-secretarian schools

9. Which one can help student develop the habit of critical thinking?
A. Blind obedience of authority
B. Asking convergent questions
C. Asking low level questions
D. A willingness to suspend judgment until sufficient evidence is presented

10. In instructional planning, which among these three: unit plan, course plan, lesson plan is/are most specific?
- A. Course
 - B. Unit
 - C. Resources
 - D. Lesson
11. Teacher Mar wants to develop in her pupils comprehension skills. What order of skills will she develop?
- I. Literal comprehension
 - II. Interpretation
 - III. Critical evaluation
 - IV. Integration
- A. II – III – IV – I
 - B. III – IV – I – II
 - C. I – II – III – IV
 - D. IV – III – II – I
12. An integrative, conceptual approach introduced by Roldan has as its highest level is the development of _____ thinking skills.
- A. Interpretative
 - B. Creative
 - C. Critical
 - D. Literal
13. If a student thinks about thinking, he is involved in the process called:
- A. Higher order thinking
 - B. Critical thinking
 - C. Creative thinking
 - D. Metacognition
14. The use of drills in the classroom is rooted on Thorndike's law of:
- A. Readiness
 - B. Effect
 - C. Exercise
 - D. Belongingness
15. The following are some drill technique, except:
- A. Challenging students to be above the level of the class
 - B. Asking pupils to repeat answers
 - C. Giving short quiz and having students grade papers
 - D. Assigning exercises from a workbook
16. The process of task analysis ends up in the formulation of:
- A. Instructional objectives
 - B. Goals of learning
 - C. Enabling objectives
 - D. Behavioral objectives
17. For holistic learning, it is urgent to utilize both sides of the brain; the affective as well as the cognitive, the logical along with the:
- A. Rational
 - B. Behavioral
 - C. Musical
 - D. Intuitive
18. The first American teachers in the Philippines were:
- A. Soldiers

- B. Graduates of the normal school
C. Missionaries
D. Elementary graduates
19. By which process do children become participating and functioning members of society by fitting into an organized way of life?
A. Socialization
B. Acculturation
C. Accommodation
D. Assimilation
20. The teacher wants to check prior knowledge of his pupils about water pollution. She writes the main topic water pollution in the center of the board and encircles it. Then, she asks the pupils to provide information that can be clustered around the main topic. Which technique did the teacher employ?
A. Vocabulary building
B. Demonstration
C. Semantic mapping
D. Deductive teaching
21. Who were the Thomasites?
A. The soldiers who doubted the success of the public educational system to be set in the Philippines
B. The first American teacher recruits to help establish the public educational system in the Philippines
C. The first religious group who came to the Philippines on boards the US transports Thomas
D. The devotees to St. Thomas Aquinas who came to evangelized
22. The right hemisphere of the brain is involved with the following functions, except:
A. Nonverbal functions
B. Visual functions
C. Intuitive functions
D. Detail-oriented functions
23. To build a sense of pride among Filipino youth, which should be done?
A. Restudy our history and stress on our achievements as a people
B. Restudy our history from the perspective of our colonizer
C. Replace the study of folklores and myths with technical subjects
D. Set aside the study of local history
24. "Specialization is knowing more and more about less and less. Then it is better to be a generalist," claims the teacher. On which philosophy does the teacher learn?
A. Essentialism
B. Progressivism
C. Perennialism
D. Existentialism
25. Which teaching activity is founded on Bandura's social learning theory?
A. Questioning
B. Inductive reasoning
C. Modeling
D. Interactive teaching
26. I like to develop the synthesizing skills of my students. Which one should I do?
A. Ask my students to formulate a generalization from the data shown in the graphs
B. Direct my students to point out which part of the graph are right and which part is wrong
C. Ask my students to answer the questions beginning with "What if..."
D. Tell my students to state data presented in the graph
27. To reach out to clientele who cannot be in the classroom for one reason or another, which of the following was established?

A. Informal

B. SPED system

C. Pre-school education

D. ALS

28. Nicole enjoys games like scrabble, anagrams and password. Which type of intelligence is strong in Nicole?

A. Interpersonal intelligence

B. Logical and mathematical intelligence

C. Linguistic intelligence

D. Spatial intelligence

29. Teacher Cora observes cleanliness and order in her classroom to create a conducive atmosphere for learning. On which theory is her practice based?

A. Psychoanalysis

B. Gestalt psychology

C. Behaviorism

D. Humanistic psychology

30. Which learning principle is the essence of Gardner's theory of multiple intelligences?

A. Almost all learners are linguistically intelligent

B. Intelligence is not measured in one form

C. Learners have different IQ level

D. Learners have static IQ

31. Which objective in the affective domain is in the lowest level?

A. To accumulate examples of authenticity

B. To support viewpoints against abortion

C. To respond positively to a comment

D. To formulate criteria for honesty

32. Which is in accordance with the withitness principle of classroom management of Kounin?

A. Students agree to disagree in class discussions

B. Teacher is fully aware of what is happening in his classroom

C. Student is with his teacher in everything he teaches

D. Both parents and teachers are involved in the education of children

33. Below the questions that must be considered in developing appropriate learning activities/experiences except one. Which is it?

A. Can the experiences benefit the pupils?

B. Do the experiences save the pupils from learning difficulties?

C. Are the experiences in accordance with the life patterns of pupils?

D. Do the experiences encourage pupils to inquire further?

34. Which is a characteristic of an imperfect type of matching test?

A. An item may have no answer at all

B. An answer may be repeated

C. There are two or more distracters

D. The items in the right and left columns are equal in number

35. Which is a proactive management practice?

A. Tell them that you enforce the rules on everyone, no exception

B. Set and clarify your rules and expectations on day 1

C. Punish the misbehaving pupils in the presence of their classmates

D. Stress on penalty for every violation

36. Researchers gave rats a dozen of 3-m butyl phthalide and measured changes in the rats' blood pressures. This statement is best classified as:

A. Experiment

- B. Hypothesis
- C. Prediction
- D. Finding

37. Which quotation goes with a proactive approach to discipline?

- A. "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure."
- B. "Do not make a mountain of a mole."
- C. "Walk your talk."
- D. "Do not smile until Christmas."

38. You have presented a lesson on animal protective coloration. At the end, you ask if there any questions. There are none. You can take this to mean that:

- A. The students are not interested in the lesson
- B. The students did not understand what you were talking about
- C. The students understood everything you presented
- D. You need to ask specific questions to elicit responses

39. What does the principle of individual differences require teachers to do?

- A. Give less attention to gifted learners
- B. Provide for a variety of learning activities
- C. Treat all learners alike while teaching
- D. Prepare modules for slow learners in class

40. Teachers are encouraged to make use of authentic assessment. Which goes with authentic assessments?

- A. Decontextualized drills
- B. Unrealistic performances
- C. Answering multiple choices test items
- D. Real world application of lessons learned

41. I'd like to test whether a student knows what a particular word means. Which should I ask the student to do?

- A. Give the word a tune then sing it
- B. Define the word
- C. Spell the word and identify its parts of speech
- D. Given the etymology of the word

42. Who asserted that children must be given the opportunity to explore and work on different materials so that they will develop the sense of initiative instead of guilt?

- A. Kohlberg
- B. Erikson
- C. Maslow
- D. Gardner

43. Teacher Zen uses direct instruction strategy. Which will she do first?

- A. Presenting and structuring
- B. Independent practice
- C. Guided student practice
- D. Reviewing the previous day's work

44. The free public elementary and secondary education in the country are in line with the government effort to address educational problems of:

- A. Productivity
- B. Relevance and quality
- C. Access and quality
- D. Effectiveness and efficiency

45. Here are raw scores in a quiz: 97, 95, 85, 83, 77, 75, 50, 10, 5, 2, 1. To get a picture of the group's performance, which measure of central tendency is most reliable?

- A. Median

- B. Mean
- C. Mode
- D. None. It is best to look at the individual scores

46. Which one holds true of anecdotal records?

- A. Combining facts with interpretation
- B. Writing objective, descriptive behavior with case
- C. Describing behavior in natural setting
- D. Describing behavior in a laboratory setting

47. For mastery learning and in line with the Outcome-Based Evaluation model which element should be present?

- A. Inclusion of non-performance objectives
- B. Construction of criterion-referenced tests
- C. Construction of norm-referenced tests
- D. Non-provision of independent learning

48. Which statement about standard deviation is correct?

- A. The lower the standard deviation the more spread the scores are
- B. The higher the standard deviation the more spread the scores are
- C. The higher the standard deviation the less spread the scores are
- D. It is a measure of central tendency

49. The principal tells her teachers that training in the humanities is most important. To which educational philosophy does he adhere?

- A. Existentialism
- B. Progressivism
- C. Essentialism
- D. Perennialism

50. The Filipino learner envisioned by the Department of Education is one who is imbued with the desirable values of a person who is:

- A. Makabayan, maka-tao, makahalaman at maka-Diyos
- B. Makabayan, makasarili, maka-kalikasan at maka-Diyos
- C. Makabayan, maka-karagatan, maka-tao at maka-Diyos
- D. Makabayan, maka-tao, maka-kalikasan at maka-Diyos

51. Alex exhibits fear response to freely roaming dogs but does not show fear when a dog is on a leash or confined to a pen. Which conditioning process is illustrated?

- A. Generalization
- B. Acquisition
- C. Discrimination
- D. Extinction

52. The main purpose of compulsory study of the Constitution is to:

- A. Develop students into responsible, thinking citizen
- B. Acquaint students with the historical development of the Philippine Constitution
- C. Deprivation of Filipino schools
- D. Community's lack of sense of co-ownership

53. With which goals of educational institution as provided for by the constitution is the development of work skills aligned?

- A. To develop moral character
- B. To develop vocational efficiency
- C. To teach the duties of citizenship
- D. To inculcate love of country

54. Which one is in support of greater interaction?

- A. Repeating the question
- B. Not allowing a student to complete a response

C. Probing

D. Selecting the same student as respondents

55. To encourage introspection, which teaching method is most appropriate?

A. Cognitive

B. Reflective

C. Process

D. Cooperative learning

56. I want the fast learners in my class to do self-directed learning. What strategy will I use?

A. Collaborative learning

B. Social dialogue

C. Metacognition

D. Problem-based learning

57. Which may help an adolescent discover his identity?

A. Parents pushing in to follow a specific path

B. Relating to people

C. Decision to follow one path only

D. Exploring many different roles in a healthy manner

58. Under no circumstance shall a teacher be prejudiced nor discriminatory against any learner, says the Code of Ethics. When is the teacher prejudice against any learner?

A. When he makes a nearsighted pupil sit at the front

B. When he considers multiple intelligences in the choice of his teaching strategies

C. When he makes a farsighted pupil sit at the back

D. When he refuses a pupil with a slight physical disability in class

59. Which of the following is considered a peripheral device?

A. Printer

B. Keyboard

C. CPU

D. Monitor

60. Which terms refer to a teacher helping a colleague grow professionally?

A. Technology transfer

B. Peer mentoring

C. Facilitating

D. Independent study

61. Which among the following objectives in the psychomotor domain is highest in level?

A. To distinguish distant and close sounds

B. To contract a muscle

C. To run a 100-meter dash

D. To dance the basic steps of the waltz

62. Which one should teacher avoid to produce an environment conducive for learning?

A. Games

B. Seat plan

C. Tests

D. Individual competition

63. To provide for individual differences how is curriculum designed?

A. Minimum learning competencies are included

B. Realistic and meaningful experiences are provided

C. Some degree of flexibility is provided

D. Social skills are emphasized

64. When a significantly greater number from the lower group gets a test item correctly, this implies that the test item:
- A. Is not very valid
 - B. Is not highly reliable
 - C. Is highly reliable
 - D. Is very valid
65. An act known as the Philippine Teacher's Professionalization Act of 1994, to strengthen the regulation and supervision of the practice of teaching provided in:
- A. Republic Act No. 8736
 - B. Republic Act No. 7836
 - C. Republic Act No. 8980
 - D. Republic Act No. 9880
66. "Learning has taken place when a strong bond between stimulus and response is formed." This is based on the theory of:
- A. Constructivism
 - B. Categorization
 - C. Predisposition
 - D. Connectionism
67. According to Ausubel, one of the ways to strengthen the student's cognitive structure is by using an instructional tool called:
- A. Cross-referencing
 - B. Spiral approach
 - C. Advance organizer
 - D. Narrative
68. Thorndike's law of effect states that a connection between stimulus and response is strengthened when the consequence is:
- A. Repeated
 - B. Negative
 - C. Pleasurable
 - D. Positive
69. Watson applied classical conditioning in his experiments and the results showed that behavior is learned through stimulus-response associations, specifically the development of emotional responses to certain stimuli. This helps us in:
- A. Understanding fears, phobias and love
 - B. Interpreting reflexes as emotions
 - C. Connecting observable behavior to stimulus
 - D. Understanding the role of overt behavior
70. Skinner is known for his theory based upon the notion that learning is a result of change in overt behavior, meaning, and individual responds to events that occur in the environment. This theory came to be known as:
- A. Operant conditioning
 - B. Stimulus-response associations
 - C. Classical conditioning
 - D. Connectionism
71. The leading proponent of social learning theory is Bandura. He believed that:
- A. Behavior can influence both the environment and the person
 - B. Learning stays with the individuals until needed
 - C. Reinforcement influences cognitive processes
 - D. People learn from one another such as by modeling
72. Should a teacher involve her/his students in planning the instructional objectives before starting a lesson?
- A. Yes, with shared objectives, they become self-motivated
 - B. No, they will not be ready for it at the beginning
 - C. Yes, they will be given a tip on what questions to ask
 - D. No, with cognitive objectives at the start, irrelevant questions are formulated

73. The teacher aims to develop critical and creative thinking among her students. She should try using:
- Declarative statements
 - Convergent questions
 - Divergent questions
 - Expository statements
74. Lesson objectives must be aligned with the aims of education are embodied in the Philippine Constitution and should be stated in the course syllabus. What is a reason for this?
- To learn more about the Constitution of our country
 - To develop mission-inspired citizens
 - To facilitate a faster and better learning
 - To instill the ideals and goals of the country
75. Instructional objectives in the affective domain includes receiving, responding, valuing and the highest level is:
- Acceptance or preference
 - Selective attention or willingness to receive
 - Sequence or feelings of satisfaction
 - Conceptualization of a value system
76. One of the principles of learning states that "learning is emotional as well as intellectual." Give your interpretation.
- Internalization of ideas result to better learning
 - Teachers should appeal to their students' acquisition of ideas
 - Learning is maximized if feelings and thoughts are in harmony
 - Teachers must draw the learners' ideas and skills
77. Miss Garcia observed that one of her students excels in activities requiring strength, speed, flexibility, balance and hand-eye coordination. According to Howard Gardner, such natural intelligence can be identified as:
- Bodily-kinesthetic
 - Verbal-logical
 - Interpersonal
 - Verbal-linguistic
78. Learning styles refer to the preferred way an individual processes information. Classify a student who learns best through verbal lectures, discussions, talking things through and listening to what others have to say. He/she is/an:
- Visual learner
 - Auditory learner
 - Analytic
 - Global
79. Identify the ninth intelligence which is described as the ability to seek connections involving one's place in the family, school, community and "role in the world." They as "why are we here?" This intelligence is termed:
- Naturalist
 - Interpersonal
 - Intrapersonal
 - Existentialism
80. Children with sub-average intelligence and deficits in adaptive behavior, experience difficulty in managing daily activities and in conducting themselves appropriately in social situations are diagnosed to be suffering from a kind of disability called:
- Mental retardation
 - Attention-deficit disorder
 - Emotional disorder
 - Health impairment
81. Difficulty in focusing and maintaining attention coupled with recurrent hyper-active and impulsive behavior are observed difficulties of children manifesting a kind of difficulty known as:
- Autism
 - Dyslexia

- C. Sensory impairment
- D. Attention-deficit-hyperactivity disorder

82. Who is a major contributor in the development of the behaviorist theory?

- A. Vygotsky
- B. Pavlov
- C. Erikson
- D. Kohlberg

83. It is an approach that makes students “think about their thinking.” Students get conscious of their thought processes while they are engaged in their cognitive tasks. This is an example of an approach called:

- A. Cognitive
- B. Constructivist
- C. Metacognitive
- D. Reflectivist

84. I like to show a close representation of the size and shape of the earth and its location in the entire solar system. What is the best instructional aid?

- A. Picture
- B. Models
- C. Realia
- D. Films

85. The best way to assess learning is to use real-life situations, objects and materials existing in the environment. Hence, teachers are encouraged to use:

- A. Rating scale
- B. Pencil-and-paper test
- C. Observation technique
- D. Authentic assessment

86. An appropriate assessment tool for assessing the development of learning in the affective domain is through:

- A. Reading of journal entries
- B. Performance assessment
- C. Product assessment
- D. Self-assessment

87. A left brain dominant individual is portrayed as one who is analytic, linear and responds to logic. A right brain person is viewed as:

- A. One who prefers to begin with details leading to a generalization
- B. Verbal, impulsive and learns sequentially
- C. Global, holistic and responds to emotions
- D. One who is more comfortable with details and patterns

88. How can a teacher help students with different learning and thinking styles continue to learn more effectively?

- A. Allow sufficient time for processing different types of information
- B. Provide a general overview of the lesson
- C. Use a variety of reflection strategies
- D. Use questions of all types to stimulate various levels of thinking and valuing

89. Students possessing intrapersonal intelligence, according to Gardner, learn through dominant involvement of:

- A. Interaction with their environment
- B. Feelings, attitudes and values
- C. Reasoning and problem solving skills
- D. Interaction with others

90. Ausubel recommends the use of visuals designed to bridge the gap between what the learners already know and what they need to know. Which is an example?

- A. Pictures

- B. Concept maps
- C. Comparison patterns
- D. Overviews

91. What is the best method to use in presenting a lesson which would need sophisticated and expensive equipment and technical know-how?

- A. Problem solving
- B. Inquiry approach
- C. Demonstration
- D. Cooperative learning

92. The teacher requested an older, brighter and more cooperative member in a group to teach the other members. What is the rationale in employing this methodology?

- A. The tutor is better equipped and close to the rest
- B. They know one another, learning is faster
- C. The tutor is older and can command them to understand
- D. The members can rely on a brighter tutor

93. Cooperative learning approach makes use of a classroom organization where students work in teams to help each other learn. What mode of grouping can facilitate the skill and values desired?

- A. Whole class
- B. Homogeneous
- C. Heterogeneous
- D. Competitive

94. It is a teaching approach that views learning as an active process that creates a meaningful connection between prior experience and the present learning activity hence results in better understandings and meanings. This approach is known as:

- A. Inquiry
- B. Metacognitive
- C. Problem solving
- D. Constructivism

95. A teacher earns the title of "professional" if he/she is adjudged knowledgeable, proficient in a variety of teaching methodologies and exhibits a high degree of a third component of competence which is/are:

- A. Mastery of content
- B. A high degree of dexterity
- C. Ethical and moral standards
- D. Fairness and objectivity

96. It is a quality that is emitted like a "spark." Dubbed as an energizer, it is evident in a teacher's eagerness and excitement in convincing children to get involved in the learning activity. It is contagious. What is being described?

- A. Enthusiasm
- B. Encouragement
- C. Compassion
- D. Interest

97. Teachers with integrity are perceived to possess inimitable probity, honesty in thoughts and stature and indisputable fairness in making decisions. Integrity can and should be mirrored. Is it sound and easy?

- A. Yes, if the teacher is virtuous and principled
- B. No, if he/she is insincere
- C. Yes, if trust from parents is lacking
- D. No, if inconsistently exhibited

98. A school head envisions developing proficiency among her teachers in employing effective and new teaching methodologies. What is one way of achieving it?

- A. Attend annual conventions
- B. Improvise of instructional tools

C. Conduct interschool visits for exchanges of "best practices," and observing class demonstrations

D. Undertake research in own specialization

99. Ideal teachers view learning to teach as a lifelong process, hence strongly motivated to continue growth as an individual and a professional. Personal growth can be achieved through one's own initiative in:

A. Infusing values attitudes and desirable work ethics

B. Interviewing model teachers and administrators

C. Joining interest clubs and associations

D. Attending training sessions and assemblies

100. According to Piaget's stages of cognitive development, between ages 12 and 15 children reach formal operational stage. What are they capable of doing at this stage?

A. Can focus on only one aspect of a situation or event

B. Can solve abstract problems and think deductively

C. Reasoning is neither inductive nor deductive

D. Intelligence is intuitive in nature

101. Lessons depicting historical events like declaration of independence on June 12 and Rizal's execution at Luneta can best be taught through which of these methodologies?

A. Discussion

B. Team teaching

C. Role playing

D. Narratives

102. In implementing an inquiry approach, recommend the most effective component to facilitate the smooth probe of the concept to be learned.

A. Appropriate questioning techniques

B. Different materials to be used

C. Lab manual

D. Review of previous lesson

103. Field trip is an effective way of teaching where organisms could be observed in their natural habitat, active and responding to stimuli in the environment. In addition, what values are developed among the students during and after the trip?

A. Freedom in an open space than in a classroom

B. Love of nature, proper behavior during explorations

C. On-the-spot observation to keep them active

D. Consideration of the rights of others

104. Journals written by students at the completion of a day's lesson will reveal which information that can serve as a guide in planning the next lesson?

I. Part of a lesson well understood or not

II. Topics most interesting

III. Difficulties experienced

IV. Emotional state throughout

A. I, II and III

B. I and III only

C. II and IV only

D. III only

105. When students recognize a situation as something similar in a way to what was experienced before, the tendency is to use the knowledge and skills they learned to a new situation. This theory illustrates:

A. Transfer of learning

B. Information processing

C. Degree of meaningfulness

D. Meaningful learning

106. How can a teacher enhance his/her questioning technique for an effective teacher-student interactions?

- A. Allow sufficient "think time," at least 7-10 seconds
- B. Extend wait-time until the student responds
- C. Immediately call another student in case one cannot answer
- D. You may answer your own question if no one can

107. You are to teach the difference between the parts of a complete and an incomplete flower. They brought to class only common examples of complete flower. What will you do?

- A. Continue by reciting on the parts of both
- B. Draw the parts of incomplete flowers if there is none
- C. Go out to the lawn and look for flowers of weeds and wild grasses that are samples of incomplete flowers
- D. Emphasize the parts of a complete flower only

108. Choose the important purpose of assessment.

- I. Diagnosis
- II. Placement
- III. Effectiveness of a program
- IV. Part of a lesson

- A. I, II and III
- B. I and II only
- C. IV only
- D. II, III and IV

109. At the pre-operational stage of Piaget's cognitive development, the child can see only his point of view and assumes that everyone also has his same point of view. What is this tendency called?

- A. Transductive reasoning
- B. Animism
- C. Egocentrism
- D. Conversativism

110. Who is the foremost believer that "intelligence is a function of the number of successful S-R connection learned?"

- A. Thorndike
- B. Watson
- C. Vygotsky
- D. Kohlberg

111. An education for globalization should nurture the higher order cognitive skill and interpersonal skills in order to develop:

- A. Students' awareness of the world in which they live
- B. Ability to think creatively and ethically
- C. Ability to master one's national origin
- D. Openness to a diverse heritage and culture

112. How will you interpret a student's 80% percentile score? The student scored:

- A. Higher than 80% of the members of group
- B. Better, relative to the competencies targeted
- C. High in all the skills being tested
- D. Achieved 80% of the specific content

113. In planning a lesson, after establishing your objectives in the cognitive domain, the next thing to do is:

- A. Prepare a corresponding pretest and posttest
- B. Find out what the students already know by giving a pretest
- C. Get ready with all the materials that will be needed
- D. Find out which teaching methodology will be used

114. A teacher-made test given at the end of a lesson to find out if the objective has been attained can be classified as:

- A. Criterion-referenced
- B. Norm-referenced
- C. Placement test

D. Curricular test

115. A teacher set 95% accuracy in a test on predicting the kind of weather given five different atmospheric conditions. A student who obtains a score of 85% can be interpreted as:

- A. She did not meet the set criterion by 10%
- B. She is higher than 85% of the group
- C. She obtained an 85% percentile score
- D. She is 10% short of the set percentile score

116. Classify the type of test that is administered by the Professional Regulation Commission aimed at measuring the proficiency of teachers in developing a set of instructional skills or methodologies. The examination is given twice a year nationwide. The test is:

- A. Norm-referenced
- B. Professional
- C. Criterion-referenced
- D. Performance test

117. Avoid negative statements in the stem of a multiple-choice stem such as "It is not true that Rizal died on December 30." Why?

- A. It is open to guessing
- B. It is confusing
- C. It is only single recall
- D. It is memory learning

118. A major advantage of an essay type of test is its ease in measuring the student's abilities to:

- A. Present a wide range of information
- B. Suggest innovations in solving a problem
- C. Organize and synthesize own knowledge
- D. Include plain guesses in a nice way

119. What are the characteristics of a standardized test?

- A. High reliability index
- B. Mostly criterion-referenced
- C. Usually administered to small groups
- D. Contains the percentile score needed

120. A college administrator wanted an entrance examination that can identify future outcome or differences such as showing who will graduate from college or who will drop out. Such a test is one that has:

- A. Norm-related validity
- B. Predictive validity
- C. Construct validity
- D. Concurrent validity

121. Which are attributes of a good evaluation instrument?

- I. Validity
 - II. Reliability
 - III. Sensitivity
 - IV. Objectivity
- A. I, II and IV
 - B. I and II only
 - C. I, II and III
 - D. I, II, III and IV

122. One of the characteristics of a good test is content validity. What is the first thing to be done before test construction?

- A. Find out if the items are constructed well
- B. Judge the scope or content coverage
- C. Find out if the number of items is sufficient

D. Examine the objectives set for the test to find out if they are consistent with the subject matter

123. How can a teacher establish the reliability test?

- I. Repeat the same test
- II. Administer a parallel test
- III. Split the test
- IV. Vary the number of items

A. I, II and III

B. I, II and IV

C. I and IV only

D. II and IV only

124. Which is the most reliable and easily-used attitudinal instrument for measuring the most positive and favorable to the most negative and unfavorable views about a concept?

A. Temperament survey

B. Semantic differential

C. Likert scale

D. Adjustment scale

125. On which policy is RA 4670 known as the Magna Carta for Public School Teachers focused?

A. Right to establish or join organizations

B. Code of ethics for professional teachers

C. Recruitment shall take place after training

D. To promote and improve the social and economic status of public school teachers

126. In order to arrive at a skills-based evaluation, what could ensure an objective higher order assessment?

A. Analyze the different answers

B. Assess the product only

C. Use of a scoring rubric

D. Use self-assessment

127. Who authored the three-tiered model of learning—enactive, iconic and symbolic and emphasized that we should not teach directly to the abstract level without adequate foundation of the concrete?

A. Jerome Bruner

B. Jean Piaget

C. Erik Erikson

D. Lev Vygotsky

128. The use of a planetarium to show the arrangement of the planets, together with their rotation and revolution around the sun is an example of a teaching strategy called:

A. Demonstration

B. Simulation

C. Use of models

D. Direct instruction

129. A report from PAGASA showed an increasing trend in daily temperature from January to March. How can students best present such trend to the class?

A. Flowchart

B. Map

C. Drawing

D. Bar graph

130. In a project-based multimedia learning strategy, the students learn new knowledge and basic skills. Aside from being actively engaged in the learning task, they got involved in:

A. Acquiring technological skills rather than content

B. Making use of extended period of time allowed

C. Learning to use the computer in organizing data

D. Planning, designing and producing a multimedia product for presentation

131. A town mayor was requested to present how the different offices in the municipal hall are related to one another according to their related functions. Which one should he prepare?

- A. Line graph
- B. Organizational chart**
- C. Time chart
- D. Stream flow

132. Which philosophy proclaims the “spiritual nature of man” and stresses that the human spirit, soul or mind are the most important elements in life and “that the true, good and beautiful are permanently part of the universe?”

- A. Essentialism
- B. Realism
- C. Perennialism
- D. Idealism**

133. Which theory states that significant skills, knowledge and attitudes in making one’s adjustment to the realities of life should be systematically planned. Which thing emphasizes the authority of the teachers and the value of a subject matter curriculum. It emphasizes habituation more than experience, discipline more than freedom. It favors drill in developing skills.

- A. Essentialism**
- B. Idealism
- C. Perennialism
- D. Realism

134. “All learning should center on the child’s interests and needs.” The school should be a pleasant place for learning. Its emphasis is on the child as the learner and not on subject matter and stress on activities and experience rather than on textbook.

- A. Progressivism**
- B. Reconstructionism
- C. Perennialism
- D. Pragmatism

135. He is known for his philosophy of pragmatism and synthesis of Darwin’s theory of evolution. He believed that children were socially active human beings and they want to explore their environment. He favored democratic education. Who is referred to?

- A. Pestalozzi
- B. Jonathan Herbart
- C. John Dewey**
- D. Thorndike

136. A negative discrimination index means:

- A. More from the lower group answers the test item correctly**
- B. More from the upper group answered the test correctly
- C. The test item could not discriminate between the upper and the lower group
- D. The test item has low reliability

137. Which groups of scores is most varied? The group with:

- A. .90 SD**
- B. .50 SD
- C. .10 SD
- D. .75 SD

138. What does a percentile rank of 72 mean?

- A. The student’s score is higher than 72% of all students who took the test**
- B. The student answered 72% of the items correctly
- C. 72% of those who took the test scored higher than the student
- D. It is the student’s score in the test

139. What is the mean of this score distribution: 30, 31, 25, 28, 29, 27, 33, 35, 28?

- A. 29
- B. 29.55
- C. 28.55
- D. 28

140. What is the median of the following scores: 45, 42, 40, 39, 38, 41, 37, 36, 40?

- A. 40
- B. 39
- C. 38
- D. 41

141. If the computed range is low, this means:

- A. The difference between the highest and the lowest score is low
- B. The students performed very well in the test
- C. The difference between the highest and the lowest score is high
- D. The students performed very poorly in the test

142. The difficulty index of a test item is 1. This means that the test is:

- A. A quality item
- B. Very difficult
- C. Very easy
- D. Missed by everybody

143. A test item has a difficulty index of .51 and a discriminating index of .25. What should the teacher do?

- A. Retain the item
- B. Make it a bonus item
- C. Revise the item
- D. Reject the item

144. How many percent of the cases fall between -1 and +1 SD units from the mean?

- A. 68%
- B. 38%
- C. 95%
- D. 99%

145. One interesting instructional visual is Edgar Dale's Cone of Experience. Visualizing the cone which represents his theory on the importance of sensory experiences, what are at the bottom and at the top of the cone?

- A. Direct purposeful experience; verbal symbols
- B. Contrived experiences; visual symbols
- C. Demonstration; motion pictures
- D. Dramatized experiences; study trips

146. Which is one very important characteristic of a constructivist teacher?

- A. Plays the role of a facilitator rather than an expert who has all the knowledge
- B. Capable of employing direct instruction
- C. Presents her own view for the students to start theirs
- D. Emphasizes that knowledge exists in a social context

147. Constructing a project at the end of a unit is used as an assessment strategy. Which is an advantage?

- A. Students are encouraged to show their innovation
- B. Parents will be able to do it for their children
- C. It develops student's manipulative skill
- D. Student present a principle learned in concrete form

148. In a lesson on kinds of leaves, which is the best teaching strategy and why?

- A. Research; develops the ability to widen the search

- B. Constructing a project; develops skill in designing
- C. Special reports; able to find information about rare kinds
- D. Preparing a collection of leaves; Develops skill in classifying, and organizing the materials learned

149. Which one describes journal writing as a teaching technique?

- A. It is a record of their attitudes, habits of work in one day
- B. It is like a diary of what transpires during a learning episode
- C. It is a good source of information about one's own strength and weaknesses
- D. It serves as an evaluation instrument

150. Research shows that females are more likely than males to have a higher need for affiliation and that more boys than girls end up as underachievers. What factor accounts for the difference in their motivation?

- A. Age
- B. Gender
- C. Cultural background
- D. Socio-economic status

151. How can a teacher avoid "breakdowns and interruptions" in daily class procedures?

- A. Assign a leader to assist everyone
- B. Establish routine for daily tasks
- C. Punish the misbehaving student
- D. Allow the students to make their own regulations

152. Cite some teacher's personal attributes that could prevent common classroom discipline problems?

- A. Passion and commitment
- B. Patience and compassion
- C. Ability to ridicule and embarrass
- D. Tendency to nag and give sermons

153. Which is an advantage and a disadvantage of using real objects in teaching?

- A. Real objects are easily available; some real objects are potential hazards
- B. Real objects can be observed thoroughly; some are expensive
- C. Students are interested with real objects; may get destroyed easily
- D. Can fit real objects to the lesson; children forget to bring the right kind

154. Disabled students are now better addressed as:

- A. Suffering from
- B. Physically challenged
- C. With exceptionalities
- D. Needing assistance

155. Who are the school-based stakeholders in curriculum development?

- A. Teachers and students
- B. Civic groups
- C. School boards
- D. Industry groups

156. In evaluating a curriculum, which is the most valid criterion to observe?

- A. Methods
- B. Available resources
- C. Activities
- D. Consistency with objectives

157. How can a teacher develop the value of timeliness such as punctuality and maximal utilization of time?

- A. Consistently follow schedule for classroom routine
- B. Rush if you are getting late for the right time
- C. Avoid disruptions due to improper behavior
- D. Have a big clock be installed in the classroom for everyone's guidance

158. How should the teacher treat inattention and disruptions while the class is going on?

- A. Send out the inattentive ones
- B. Wait for a while until they are through
- C. Put on a stern look and gesture
- D. She should not wait long, check early enough to avoid major problems

159. Why must teachers be alert and consistent in classroom management?

- A. It serves as a warning for potential misbehavior
- B. It promotes an orderly learning environment
- C. It is easy to see who is listening or not
- D. This gives time for other classroom tasks

160. Why should the chairs, tables and other physical features be arranged for flexible seating?

- A. To facilitate interactive teaching-learning processes during class activities
- B. To allow borrowing and sharing use of materials
- C. To enable students to move around
- D. To allow easy exchanges of seats as needed

161. In which level of the cognitive domain “demonstrate,” “compute” and “solve” are action words that can be used in formulating objectives?

- A. Comprehension
- B. Analysis
- C. Synthesis
- D. Application

162. A teacher asked, “If we raise the temperature to 100°C what will happen?” Under which kind of question does this fall?

- A. Empirical
- B. Evaluative
- C. Analytic
- D. Recall

163. What kind of questions should the teacher ask when she likes to elicit responses where the student is free to generate independently his own idea? This question encourages originality, flexibility and spontaneity.

- A. Cognitive
- B. Convergent
- C. Divergent
- D. Analytic

164. Which type of curriculum promotes a high level cooperative interaction on meaningful immediate use of learning?

- A. Learner-centered
- B. Subject-centered
- C. Society-centered
- D. Culture-centered

165. Which type of curriculum stresses integration of learning by systematic correlation of subject matter around themes drawn from the contemporary problems of living?

- A. Core
- B. Fused subjects
- C. Correlated subjects
- D. Broad fields

166. Peter kisses the hand of his mother before leaving and upon arrival from a long trip. His younger son learned to do the same when he left for US to study. This is an example of:

- A. Acculturation
- B. Enculturation
- C. Tradition
- D. Value formation

167. The provision of academic freedom is applicable for teachers in:

- A. Colleges and universities
- B. Private tertiary institutions
- C. Basic education teachers
- D. Public schools only

168. The regular progression of Filipino teacher's salary from minimum to maximum is done through:

- A. A regular increment every 3 years
- B. An increment after 5 years
- C. An increment after 10 years
- D. A regular increment every year

169. No person shall practice the teaching profession in the Philippines without having previously obtained a:

- A. Valid certificate of registration and a valid license
- B. Certificate of having passed the licensure exam
- C. Signed identification card issued by PRC
- D. Valid document of examination passed

170. Section 24 of RA 4670 provides that teachers are entitled to a study leave not exceeding one year after how many years of service?

- A. 7
- B. 8
- C. 10
- D. 5

171. Which are the basic dimensions of the teaching profession?

- A. Knowledge, social, ethical and professional
- B. Knowledge, economic, moral and social
- C. Professional, social, emotional and economic
- D. Security, professional, social and knowledge

172. The environment in order to facilitate, learning must be interactive. Which of the following best typifies this kind of environment?

- A. The child goes out and discovers for himself some rock or fossil
- B. The child listens to a lecture on fossils given by the teacher
- C. The child summarizes the section on fossils in his science textbook
- D. The child copies a list of facts concerning fossils on the blackboard

173. Social development means that acquisition of the ability to behave in accordance with:

- A. Social expectation
- B. Stereotyped behavior
- C. Social insight
- D. Universal norms

174. When an adolescent combines ability to use deductive and inductive reasoning in constructing realistic rules that he can respect and live by, how does he perceive his environment?

- A. He views the world from his own perspective
- B. He interprets events from a limited views
- C. He does events apart from himself and other people
- D. He does the world and himself through the eyes of other people

175. The authoritarian setting in the Filipino home is reinforced by a classroom teacher who:

- A. Encourage pupils to ask questions
- B. Prescribes what pupils should do
- C. Is open to suggestions
- D. Ask open ended questions

176. Who among the following believes that learning requires disciplined attention, regular homework and respect for legitimate authority?

- A. Essentialist
- B. Perennialist
- C. Progressivist
- D. Reconstructionist

177. Which of the following reasons for measuring student achievement is not valid?

- A. To prepare feedback on the effectiveness of the learning process
- B. To certify that students have attained a level of competence in a subject area
- C. To discourage students from cheating during test and getting high scores
- D. To motivate students to learn and master the materials they think will be covered by the achievement test

178. Society and media know drinking starts off drug addiction. What should be discussed in schools?

- A. Drug addiction has been traced to drinking wine
- B. Nobody drinks at home except father
- C. TV ads show drinking is a source of fellowship
- D. High taxes on liquor will be a deterrent to eventual drug use

179. Which of the following measures should a teacher do to a principal whom she would like to file a case of sexual harassment without violating the relationship of the teacher to her superiors?

- A. Present the case before competent authority and prepare to prove the charge
- B. Write an anonymous letter to a higher school official to denounce the superior
- C. Call a parent-teacher meeting and denounce the superior
- D. Encourage the other teachers and students to hold a demonstration to oust the superior

180. Pick out the situation that illustrates the duty of a new teacher to the state:

- A. Take a long vacation which she firmly believes she deserves after four years of diligent study before taking the examination for teachers
- B. Apply for teaching job where eligibility is not required to gain teaching experience before taking the teachers board examination
- C. Prepare for the wedding she and her boyfriend have long planned to be able to raise a family with children which they plan to rear as good citizen of our country
- D. Take the licensure examination for teacher and an oath to do her best to help carry out the policies of the state

181. In the formulation of classroom regulations, which of the following should a teacher refrain from doing?

- A. State classroom regulation as clearly as possible
- B. Enlist student aid in the formulation of classroom regulation
- C. Enforce classroom regulations consistently and fairly
- D. Teacher and the class should make as many regulation as possible

182. Cooperatives have branched out to consumers cooperative. Schools have included the concepts of cooperatives. Where is it practiced?

- A. School book stores
- B. School canteen
- C. Schools uniform purchases
- D. Class stores

183. Which curricular move served to strengthen spiritual and ethical values?

- A. Integration of creative thinking in all subject
- B. Reducing the number of subject areas into the skill subject
- C. Introduction of Values Education as a separate subject area
- D. Re-introducing Science as all subject in Grade 1

184. A group of people asserts that their culture is superior to another. This exemplifies:

- A. Cultural gap
- B. Cultural conflict
- C. Norm conflict

D. Ethnocentrism

185. How does fear affect the voluntariness of an act?

- A. Makes the act involuntary
- B. No effect at all
- C. Increases voluntariness
- D. Lessens but not destroy voluntariness

186. Zero standard deviation means that:

- A. The students' scores are the same
- B. 50% of the scores obtained is zero
- C. More than 50% of the score obtained is zero
- D. Less than 50% of the scores obtained is zero

187. Which interactive teaching should be avoided?

- A. Using "put down" strategy
- B. Using multiple response strategy
- C. Asking more divergent questions
- D. Asking more evaluative questions

188. Which trust on value formation is meant to help the students make use of their thinking and scientific investigation to decide on topics and questions above values?

- A. Value inculcation
- B. Analysis
- C. Values clarification
- D. Moral development

189. Rights which cannot be renounced or transferred because they are necessary for the fulfillment of man's primordial obligations are called:

- A. Alienable rights
- B. Perfect rights
- C. Inalienable rights
- D. Acquired rights

190. In writing performance objective which word is not acceptable?

- A. Manipulate
- B. Integrate
- C. Delineate
- D. Comprehend

191. Which one indicates a teacher's genuine enthusiasm and pride in teaching?

- A. Sticking to teaching for the moment that there are no better offers
- B. Telling everyone that he went to teaching for there was no other choice than
- C. Engaging himself in continuing professional education
- D. Belittling the remuneration one gets from teaching

192. A teacher is a facilitator of learning and of the development of the youth. Which practice not keeping with his role as facilitator?

- A. Considers the multiple intelligence of learners
- B. Humiliates misbehaving pupils
- C. Dialogs with parents and with other members of the community
- D. Keeps himself abreast with educational trends

193. Which statement on spaced and massed learning is correct?

- A. Massed learning is better than spaced learning
- B. Spaced learning is better than massed learning
- C. Massed learning is as effective as spaced learning
- D. Both massed learning and spaced learning are not effective

194. A teacher discovers that a product of certain bottling company brings about damage to teeth. Much as he wants to share the products of his research, he could not because of harassment from all sides. Which teacher's right is violated?
- A. Right to property
 - B. Right to one's honor
 - C. Academic freedom
 - D. Right to make a livelihood
195. A comprehension skill of higher level which may be inferred or implied from reading is:
- A. Picking out the main idea
 - B. Noting specific details
 - C. Following direction
 - D. Drawing conclusion
196. The use of the metacognitive process approach gives the students the opportunity to:
- A. Learn to their own
 - B. Apply the scientific method
 - C. Make use of laboratory apparatuses
 - D. Learn how to learn
197. Which is the best reason why teacher begins a lesson in Math by checking and reviewing on the previous day's assignment and provides practice and drills?
- A. Check if parents guide their children in the making of assignment
 - B. Make sure that the students understand the pre-requisite skills of the lesson
 - C. Prepare the students for the mastery test
 - D. Make learning interesting and enjoyable for students
198. Both Muslim and Christian value marriage but the Muslim practices polygamous marriage while the Christian practices monogamous marriage. What is this called?
- A. Cultural relativism
 - B. Acculturation
 - C. Ethical relativism
 - D. Enculturation
199. Teaching in the cognitive, psychomotor and effective domains is based on the concept that the learner is a:
- A. Moral and feeling being
 - B. Material and an acting being
 - C. Thinking, feeling and acting being
 - D. Spiritual and material being
200. The main purpose of the compulsory study of the Constitution in Philippine schools is to:
- A. Develop the students into responsible, thinking citizens
 - B. Acquaint the students with the historical development of the Philippine Constitution
 - C. Prepare students for law-making
 - D. Make constitutional experts of the students

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